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Isolated Tricuspid Regurgitation *When to Fix?*

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Disclosures

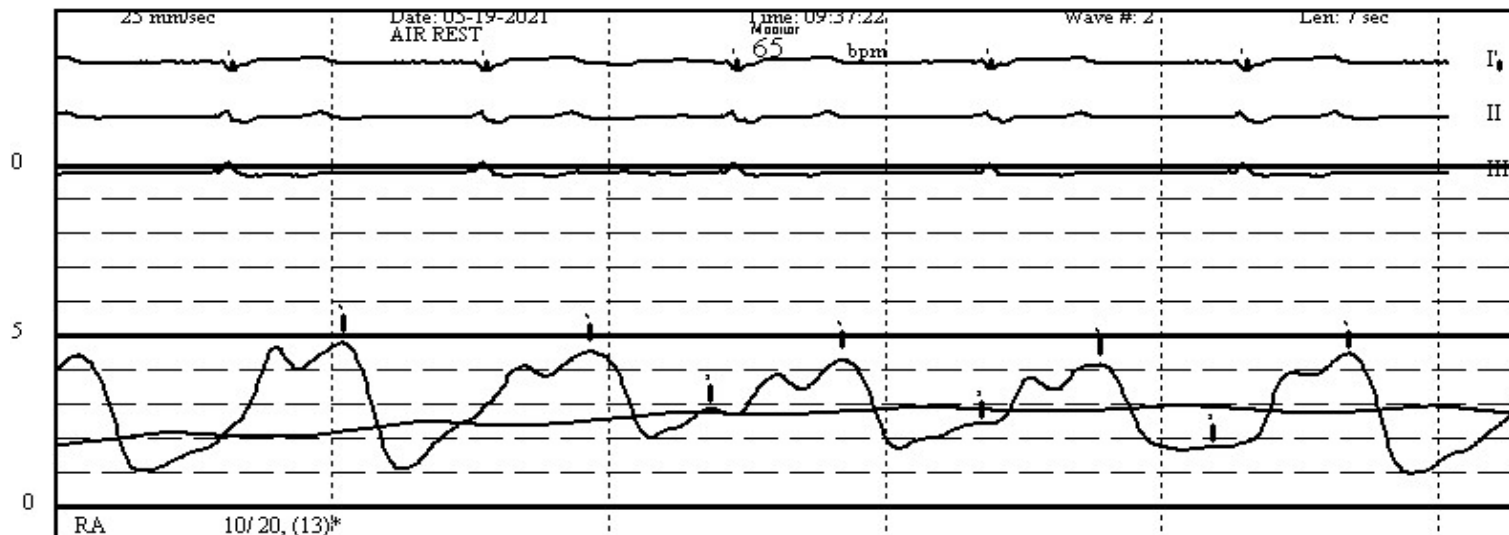
- **None**

Tricuspid Regurgitation

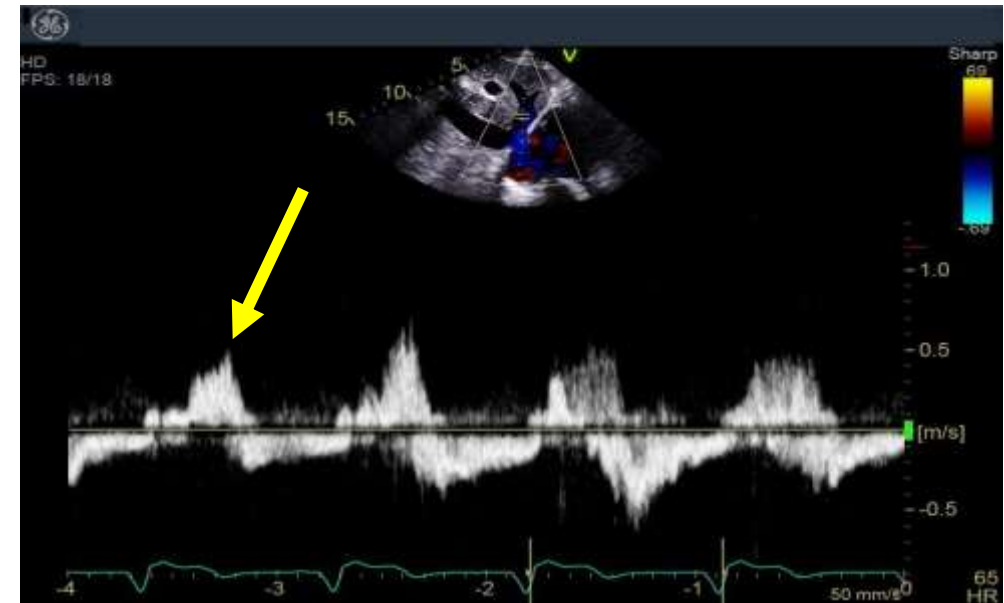
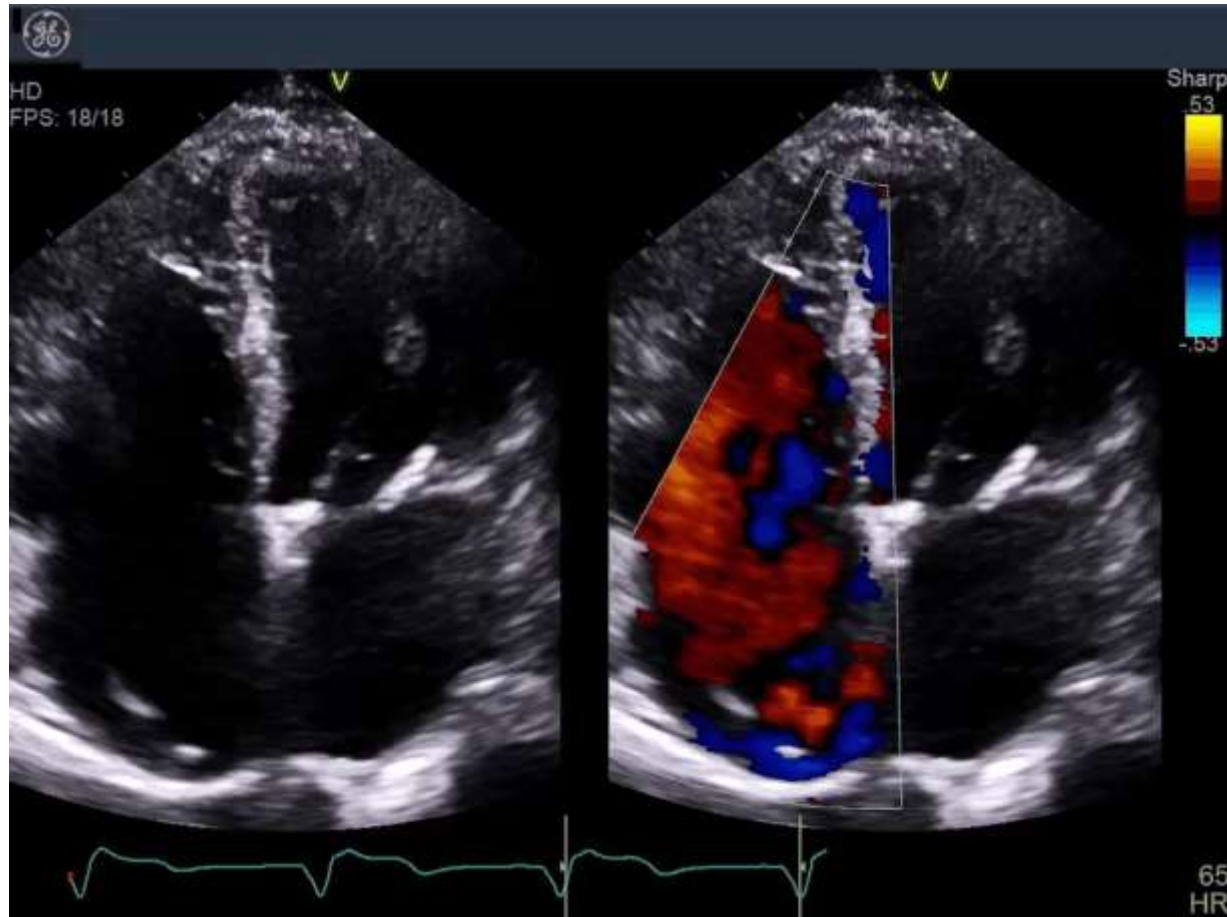
- **73-year-old man**
- **2005: Aortic and mitral valve repairs for prolapse**
- **2014: NYHA Class 3**
 - **Persistent AF**
 - **Dynamic LVOT obstruction with ASH**
 - **Septal myectomy (HCM), maze**
 - **Post-operative HF, CHB and NSVT**
 - **PPM**

Tricuspid Regurgitation

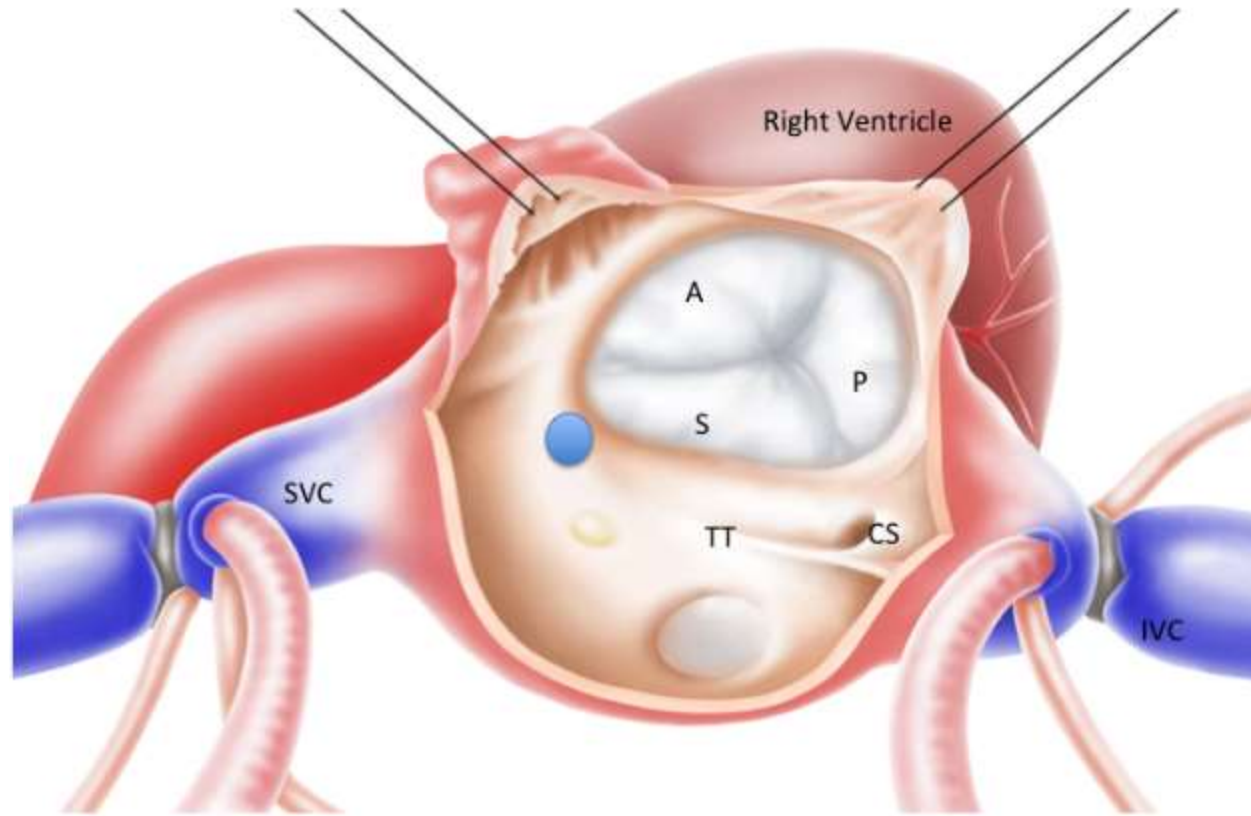
- Now 79 years old
- 2018-2021
 - Pacemaker dependent
 - Progressive TR, RHF and diuretic requirement



Tricuspid Regurgitation

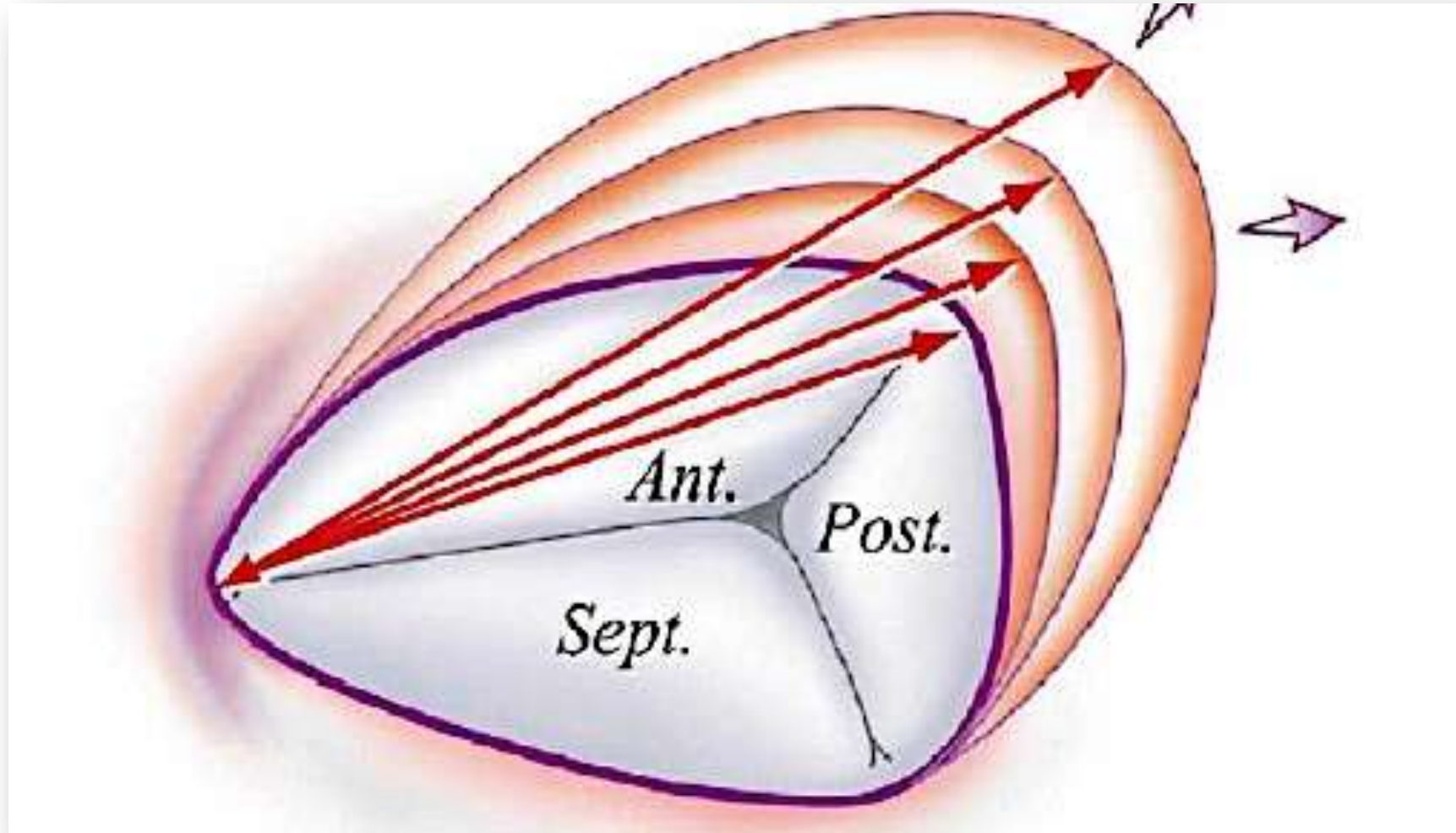


Hepatic Vein











Primary	Secondary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IE • Iatrogenic (CIED leads, EmBx) • Congenital (Ebstein's) • Other (TVP, carcinoid, XRT) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RV remodeling (left-sided heart disease, PHTN) • Dilated cardiomyopathy • Atrial functional (AF)

Secondary TR

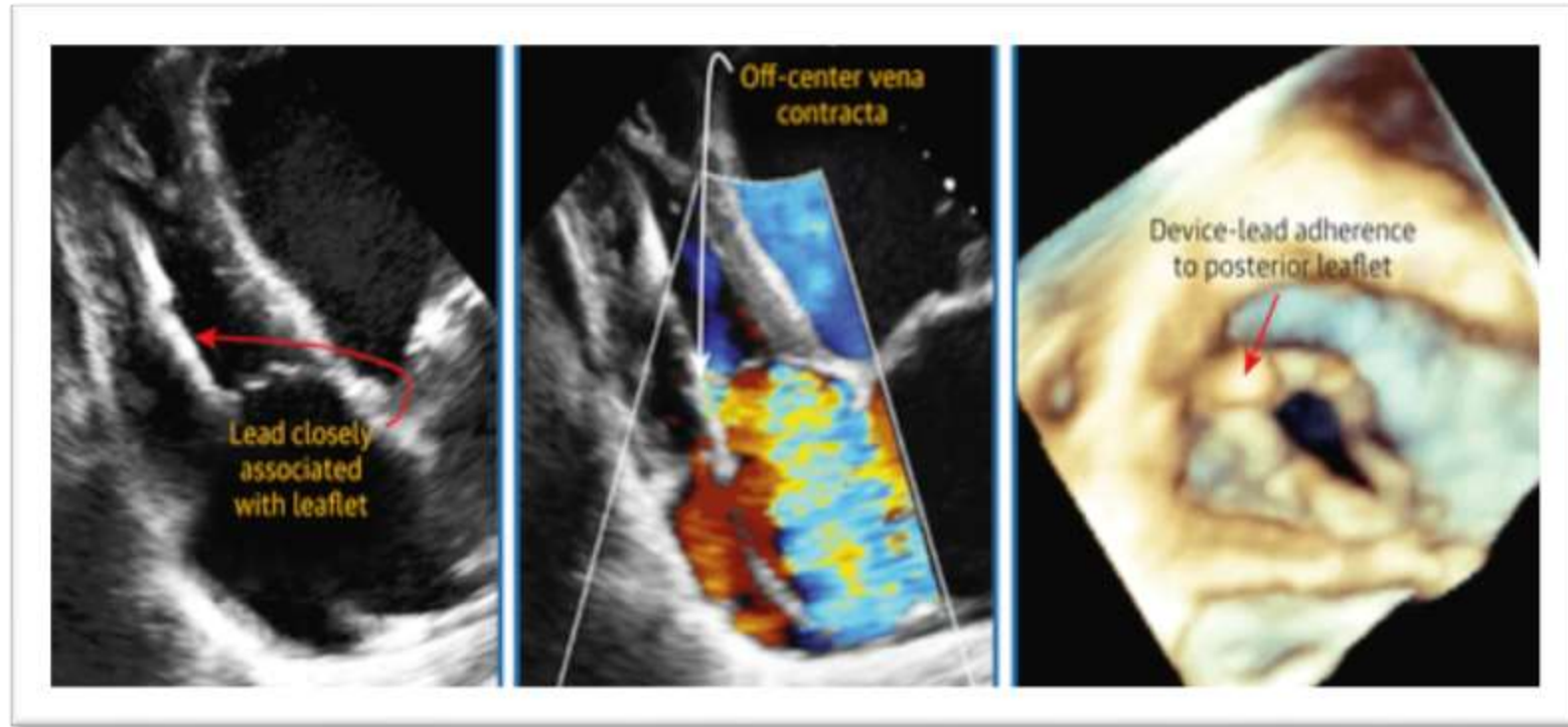


Dreyfus G et al. Ann Thorac Surg; 2005; 79: 127-32

Tricuspid Regurgitation

FUNCTIONAL/SECONDARY		CIED-RELATED	ORGANIC/PRIMARY
ATRIAL	VENTRICULAR		
 	 	 	 
Atrial FTR		CIED-Related	Primary TR
Ventricular FTR			Prolapse (I) RHD (IIIA)

CIED Related TR

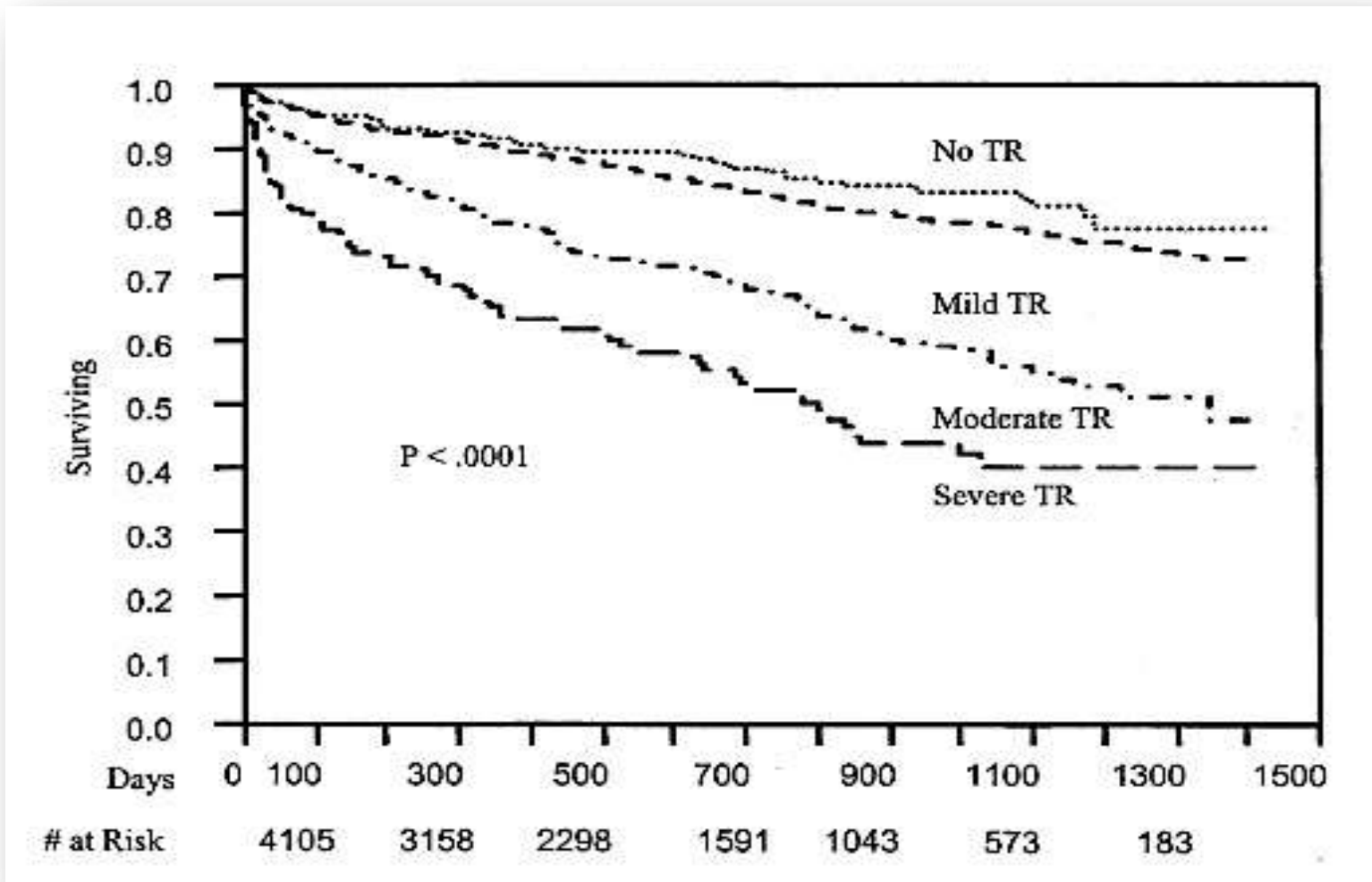


Grading TR

Parameters	Mild	Moderate	Significant/ moderate-severe	Severe	Massive	Torrential
Vena contracta width	<3 mm	3–6.9 mm	6–6.9 mm	7–13 mm	14–20 mm	≥21 mm
EROA	20 mm ²	20–29 mm ²	30–39 mm ²	40–59 mm ²	60–79 mm ²	≥80 mm ²
Regurgitant volume	<15 mL	15–29 mL	30–44 mL	45–59	60–74	≥75
Regurgitant fraction 3D Echo (MRI) ^a	<25% (30%) ^a	25–44% (30–49%) ^a		≥45% (50%) ^a		
3D vena contracta				75–94 mm ²	95–114 mm ²	≥115 mm ²

From Hahn RT

TR: Prognosis



Nath J et al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2004; 43:405-9.

Surgery for TR

Primary and Secondary TR



COR	LOE	Recommendation	COR	LOE
1	B-NR	Severe TR undergoing L-sided surgery	1	B,C

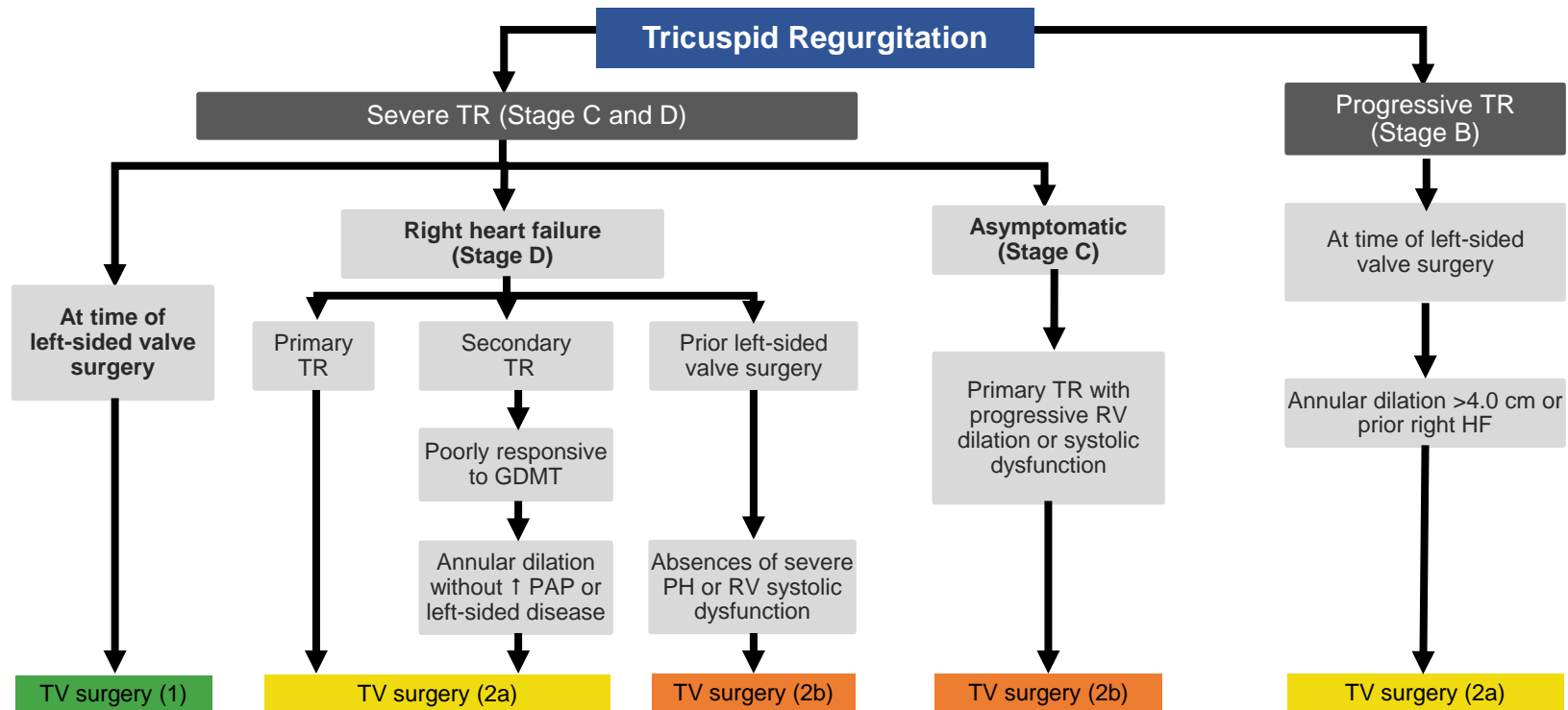
Surgery for TR

Secondary TR



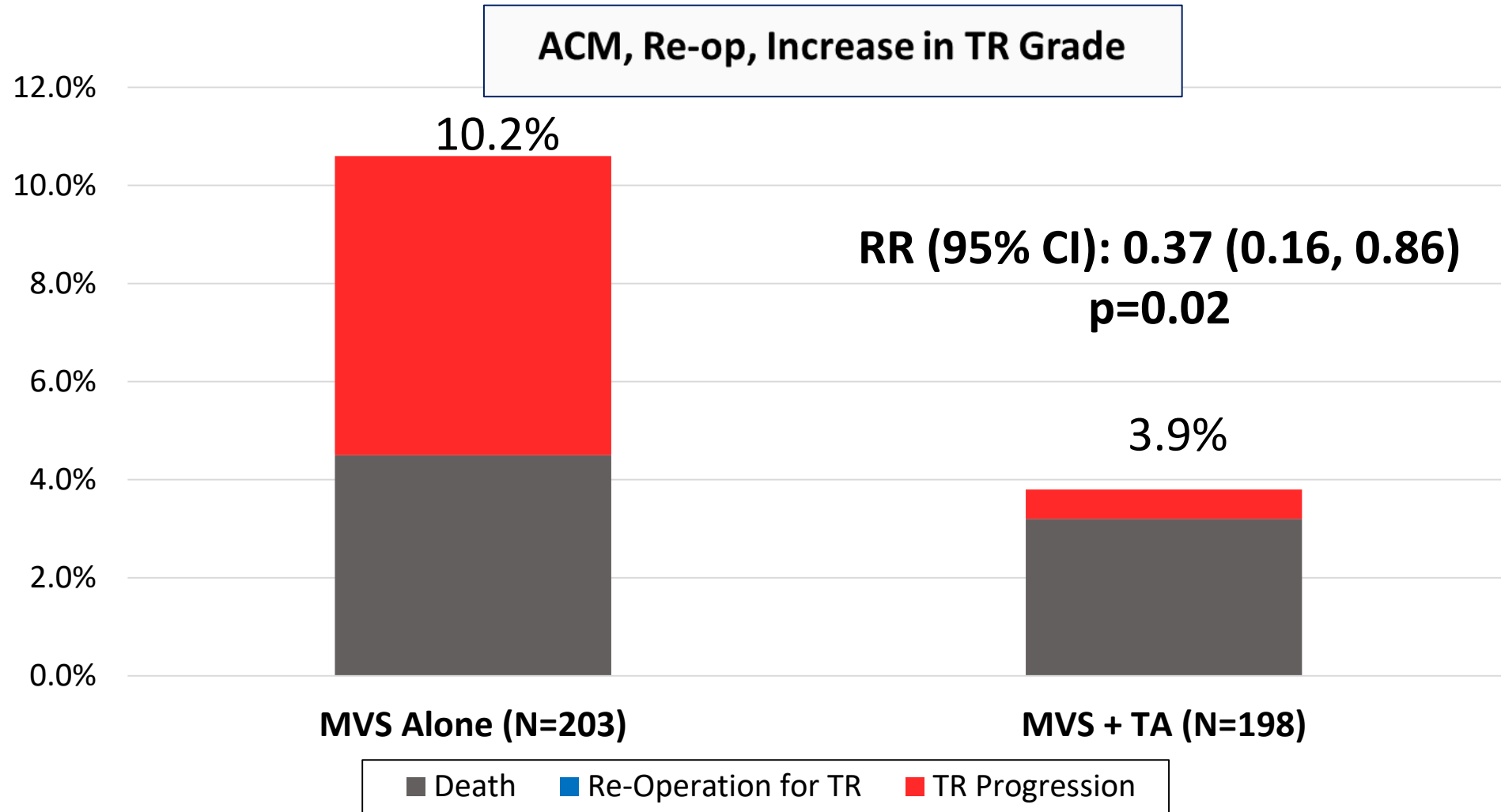
COR	LOE	Recommendation	COR	LOE
2a	B-NR	Mild-Moderate TR with TA dilation or RHF undergoing L-sided surgery	2a	B

Management of Tricuspid Regurgitation



Abbreviations: GDMT indicates guideline-directed management and therapy; HF, heart failure; PAP, pulmonary artery pressure; PH, pulmonary hypertension; RV, right ventricular; TR, tricuspid regurgitation; and TV, tricuspid valve.

TVA at Time of MVS



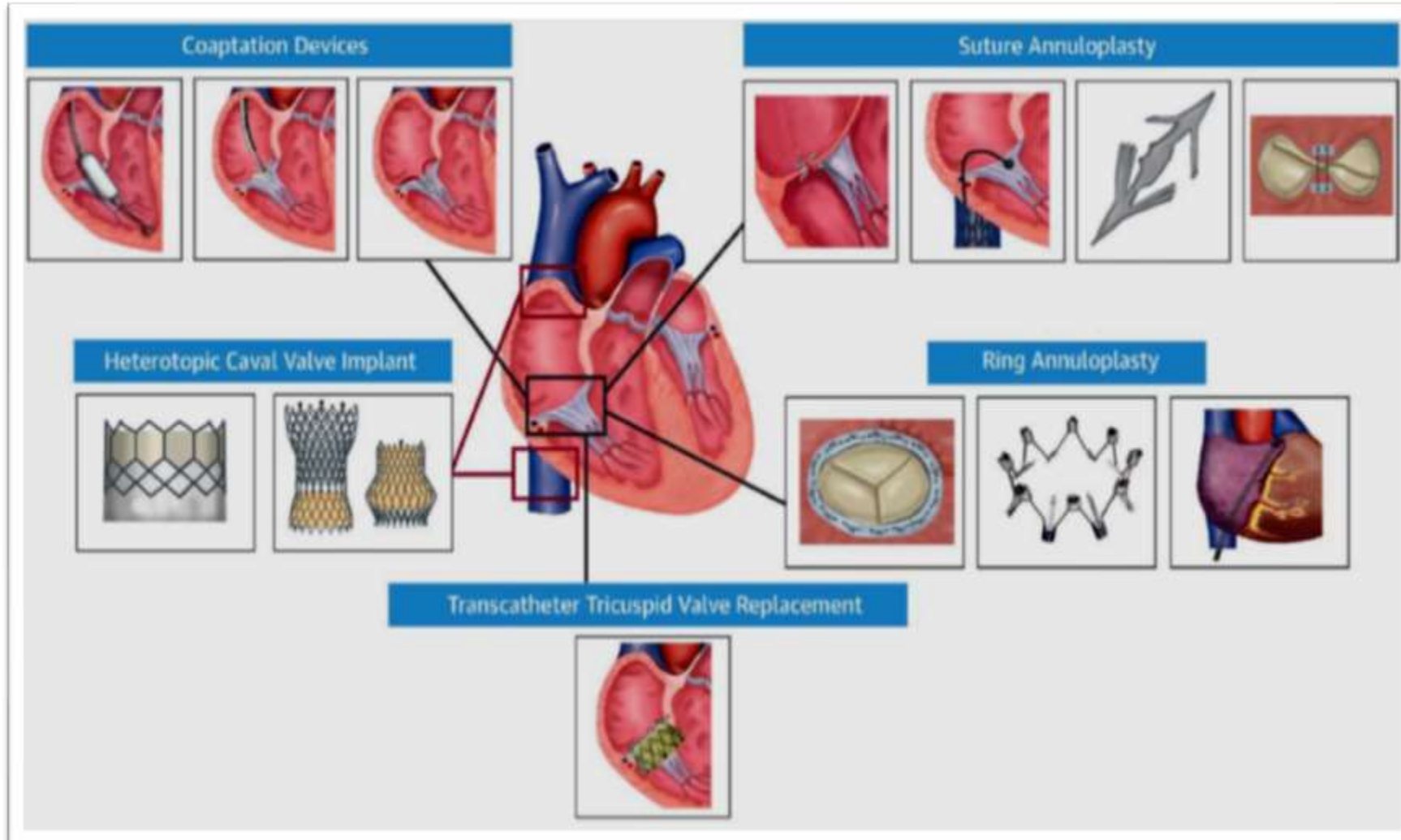
Transcatheter Treatment for Secondary TR



COR	LOE	Recommendation	COR	LOE
		Symptomatic severe TR, inoperable, Comprehensive Center	2b	C

In the US, there are no FDA approved catheter based (repair or replacement) devices for the treatment of TR. There is growing anticipation that approval for TEER may be forthcoming in 2023

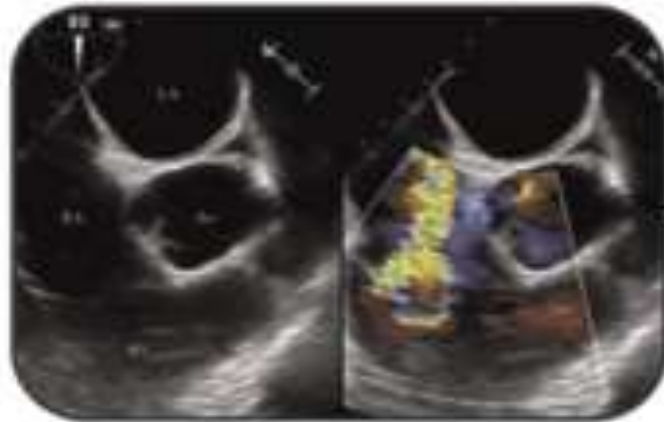
Transcatheter Therapies



TTVRepair Outcomes:Meta-Analysis

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Outcomes Following Isolated Transcatheter Tricuspid Valve Repair

Transcatheter Tricuspid Valve Repair Among 771 Patients with 212 Days of Follow-up (versus baseline assessment)



Isolated
Transcatheter
Tricuspid
Valve Repair

↓ New York Heart Association functional class III-IV frequency

Risk ratio: 0.23
(95% CI: 0.13 to 0.40)

↑ 6-minute walking distance

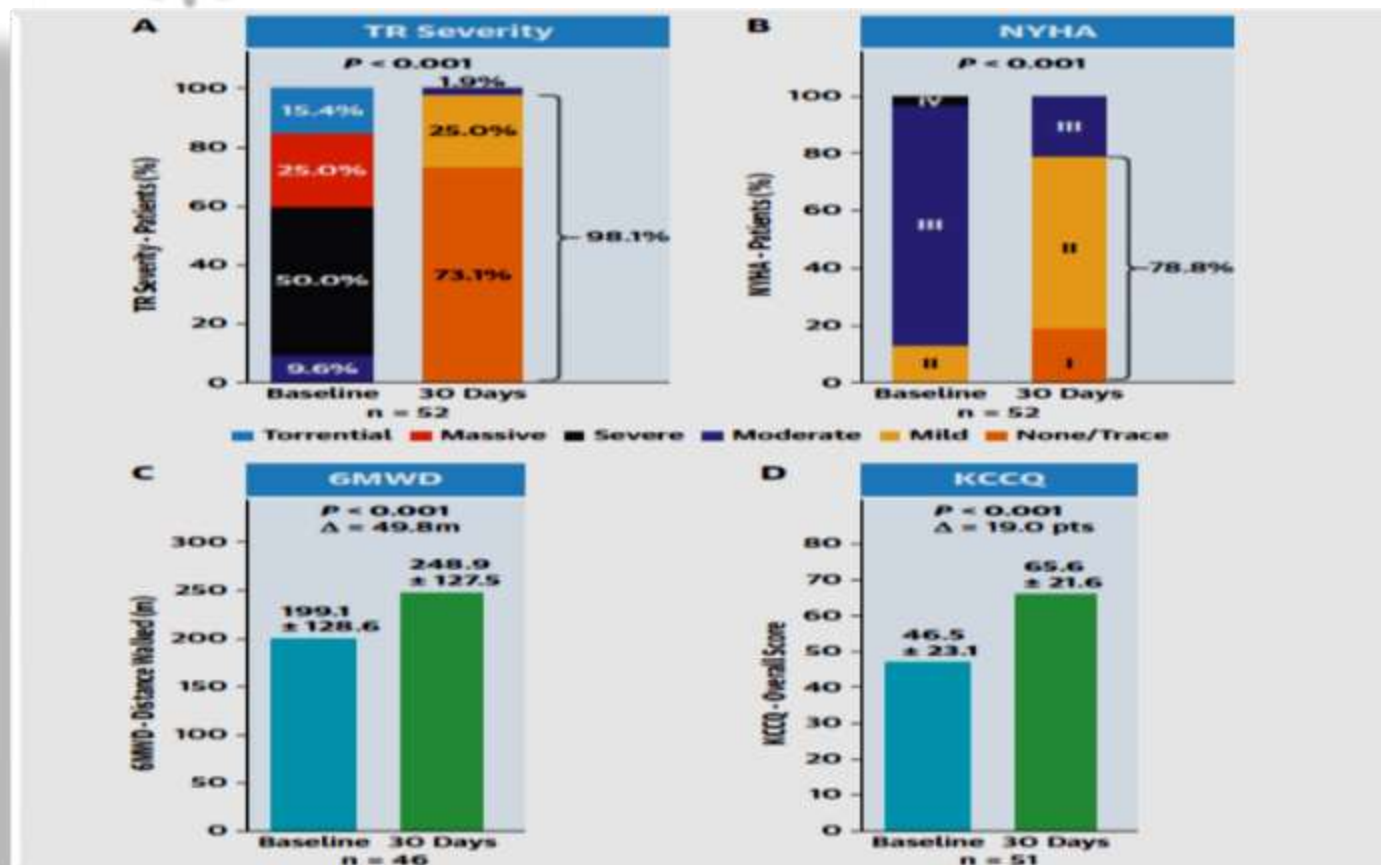
Mean difference: +50 m
(95% CI: +34 to +66 m)

↓ TR severe or greater frequency

Risk ratio: 0.29
(95% CI: 0.20 to 0.42)

Bocchino, P.P. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Interv. 2021;14(20):2285-2295.

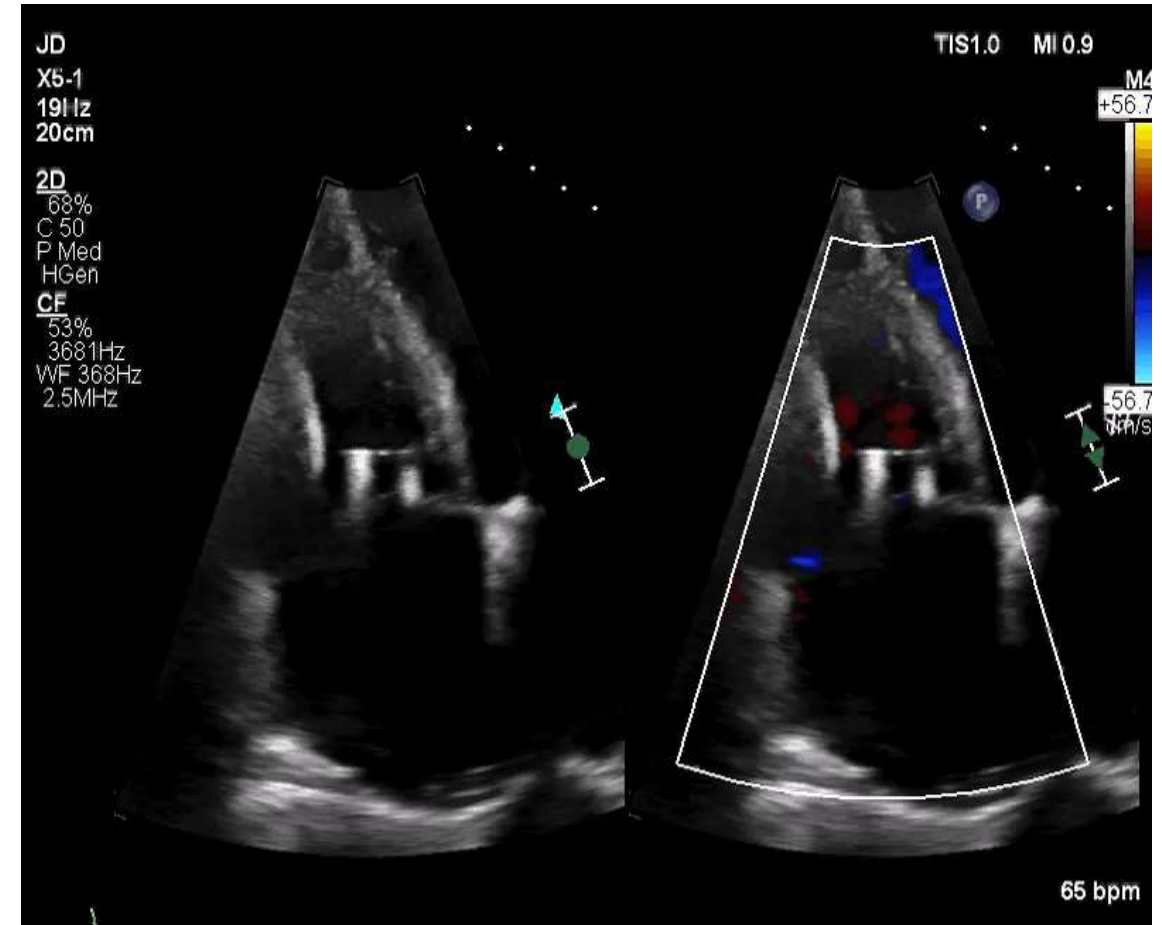
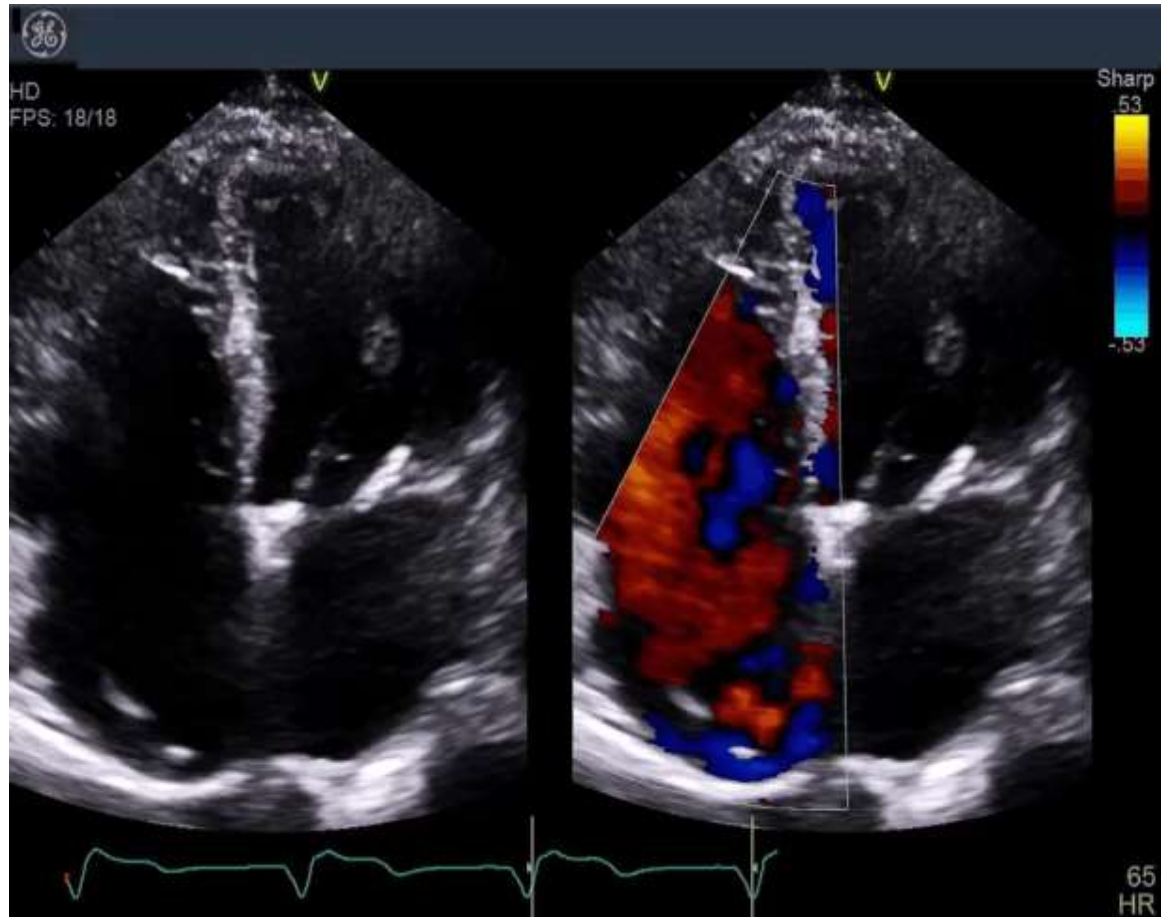
Transcatheter TVR



Rodes-Cabau J et al. Lancet 2016

Kodali S et al. JACC Intv 2022

Tricuspid Regurgitation



TV clip repair

Summary

- **Look for TR among patients with CIEDs and/or AF**
- **Assess RV function longitudinally**
- **Consider intervention earlier in the natural history**
- **Interventional and surgical landscapes are changing**

