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The Asymptomatic Patient with Aortic Stenosis

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Disclosures

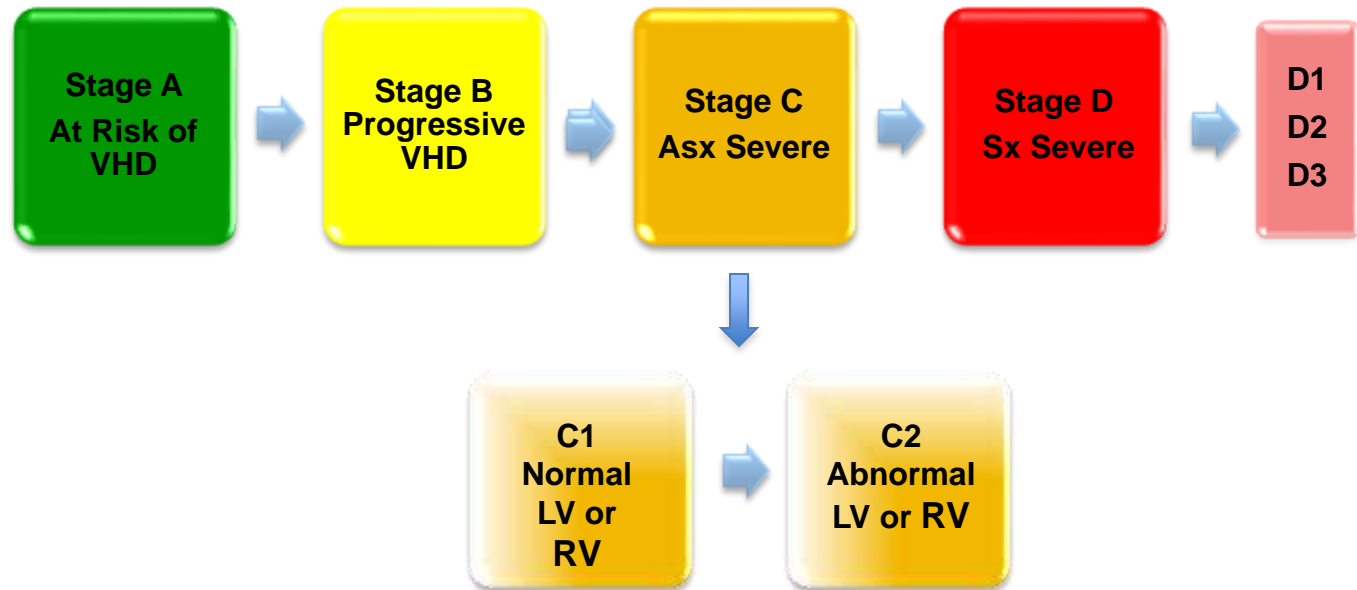
- **None**

Asymptomatic Aortic Stenosis

- **78-year-old woman with asymptomatic severe AS referred for 2nd opinion**
 - Tired at the end of the day
 - Carotids parvus et tardus, late peaking Gr 2 systolic murmur
- **TTE 9 months ago: Tri-leaflet Ao Valve, Vmax 5.1 m/s, mean gradient 61, AVA 0.7cm², LVH, EF 64%, RVSP 57 mm Hg, Ascending Aorta 4.5cm.**

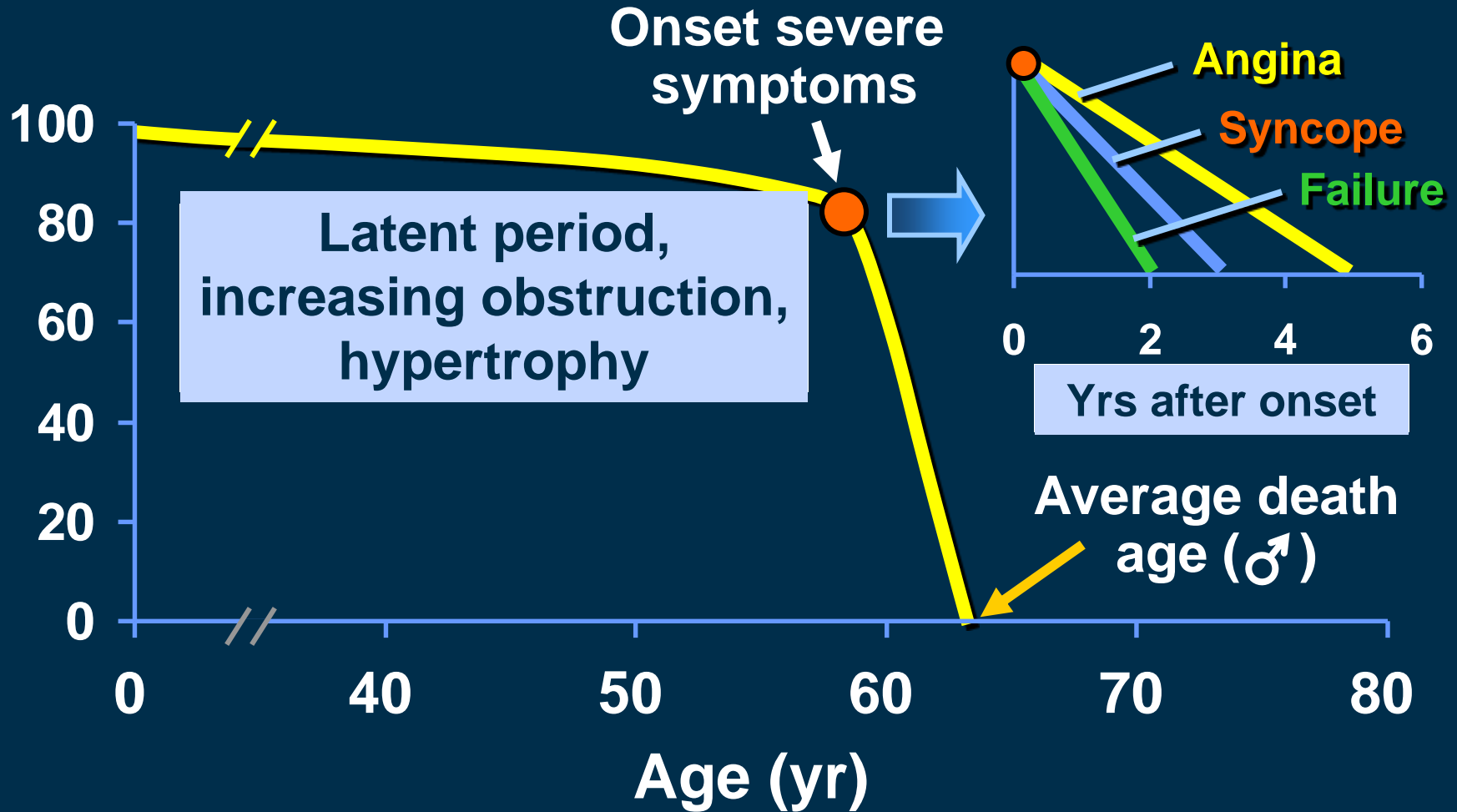
**Watchful waiting vs
intervention?**

Stages of Chronic AS



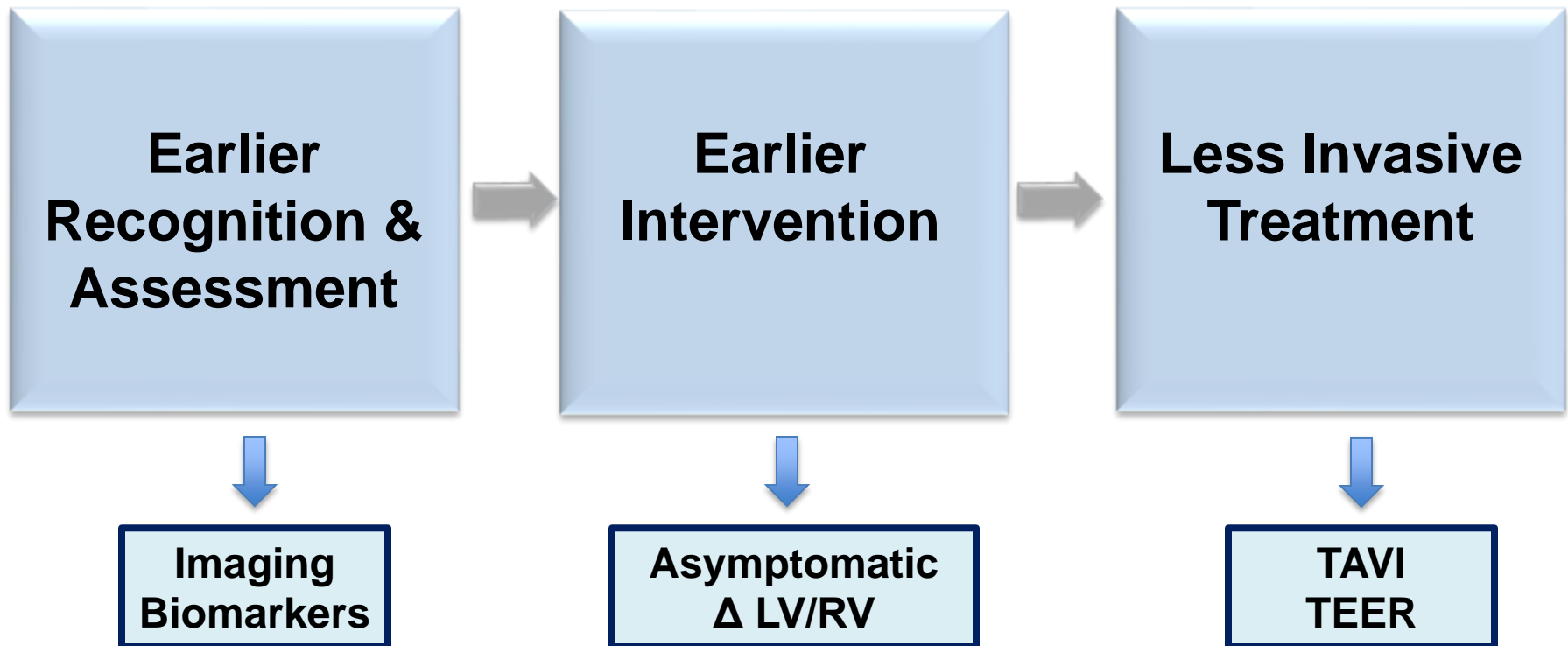
AHA/ACC VHD GL

Natural History of Aortic Stenosis



Ross J Jr. and Braunwald E: *Circ* 38(Suppl 5):61, 1968

Current Paradigm

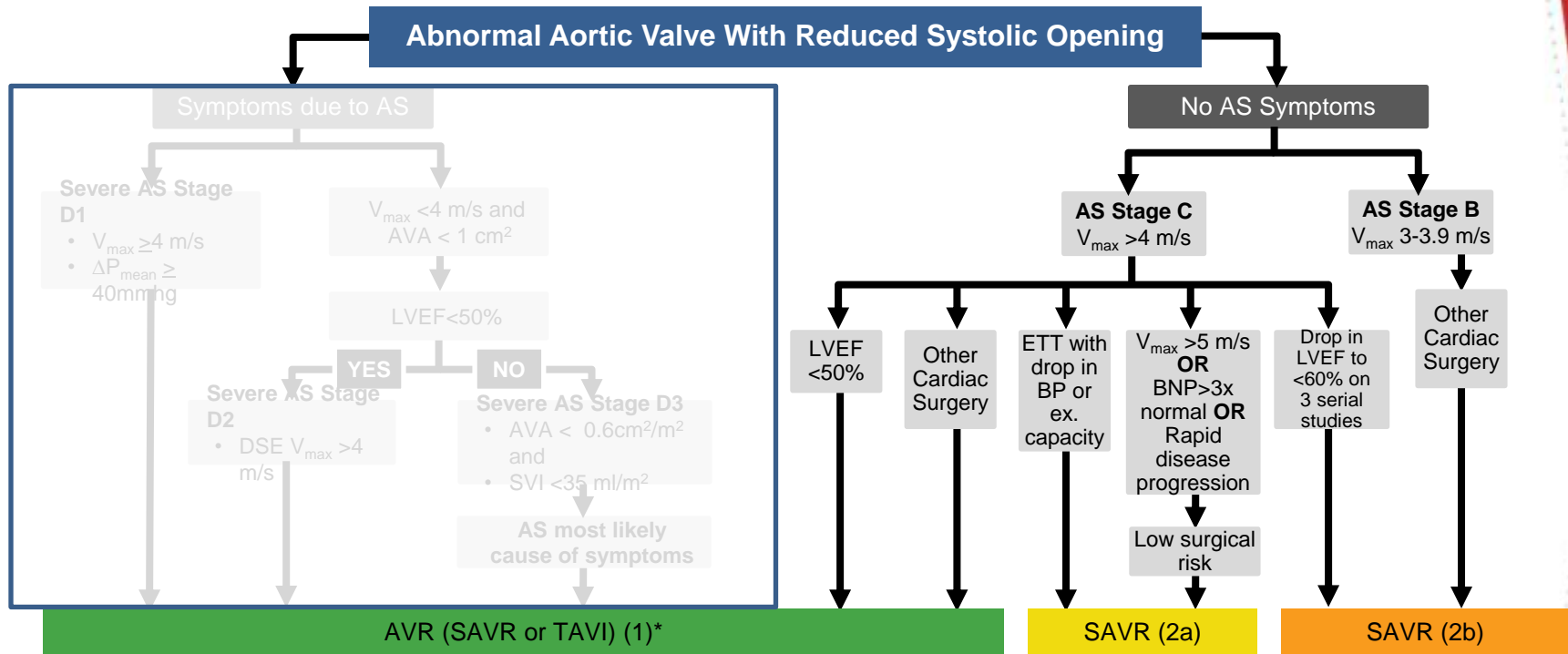


Asymptomatic Severe AS

Predictors of Reduced Event-free Survival

- “Very severe” AS ($V_m \geq 5.0-5.5$ m/s)
- Severe Ca^{++} , \uparrow rate progression, severe LVH
- Abnl response to exercise, $\uparrow \blacktriangledown$, \uparrow PA pressure
- \downarrow strain, strain rate; \uparrow E/E' ratio
- LGE on cardiac MRI
- \uparrow BNP, NT-proBNP

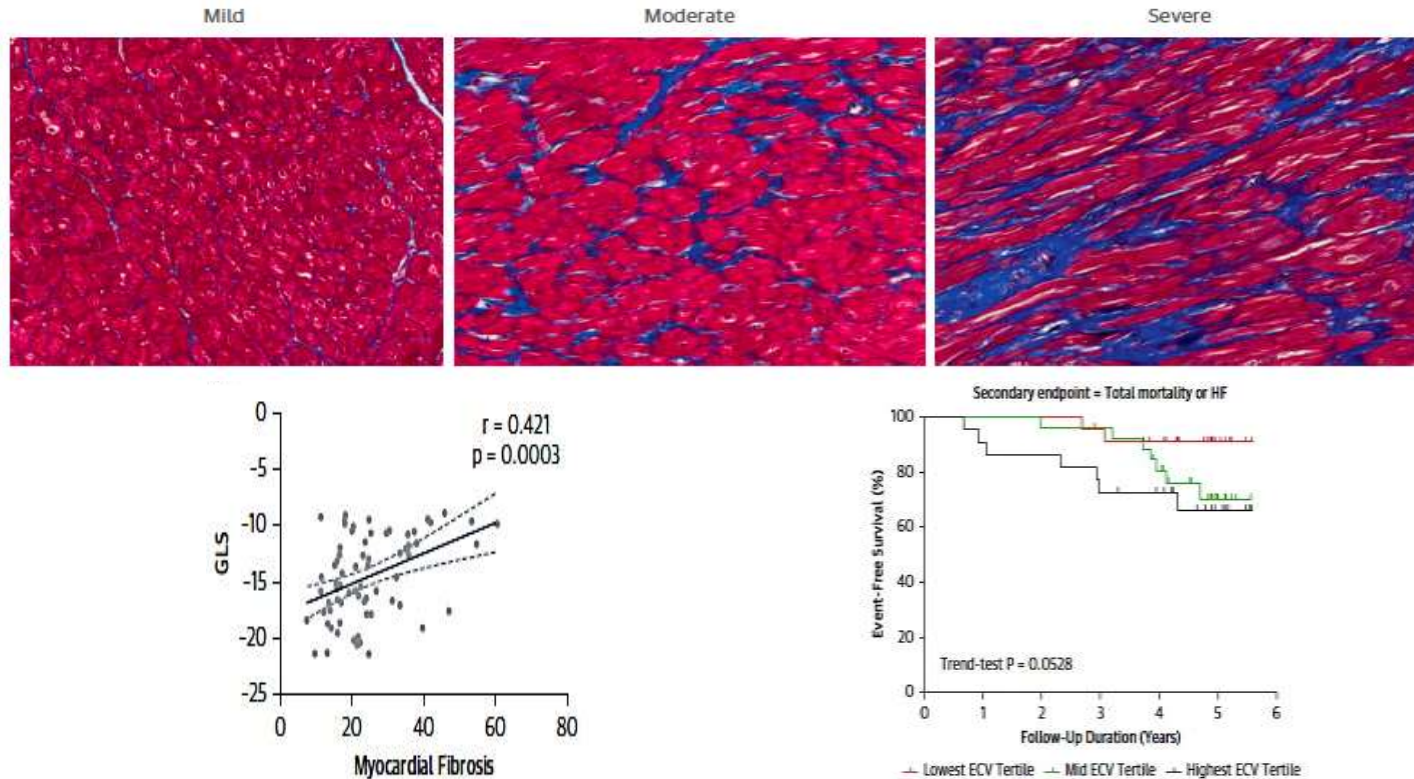
Timing of Intervention for Aortic Stenosis



*See section
3.2.4.2

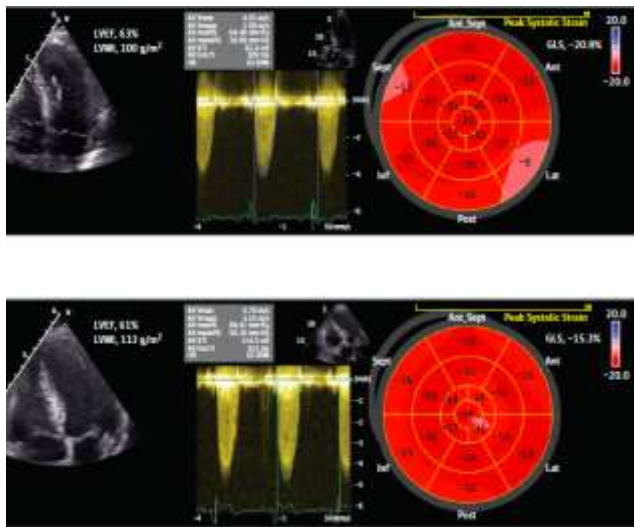
Abbreviations: AS indicates aortic stenosis; AVA, aortic valve area; cm, centimeter; AVR, aortic valve replacement; BNP, B-type natriuretic peptide; DSE, dobutamine stress echocardiography; ETT, exercise treadmill test; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; mmHg, millimeters of mercury; ΔP_{mean} , average change in pressure; SAVR, surgical aortic valve replacement; SVI, stroke volume index; TAVI, transcatheter aortic valve implantation; and V_{max} , maximum transvalvular velocity.

GLS and Myocardial Fibrosis

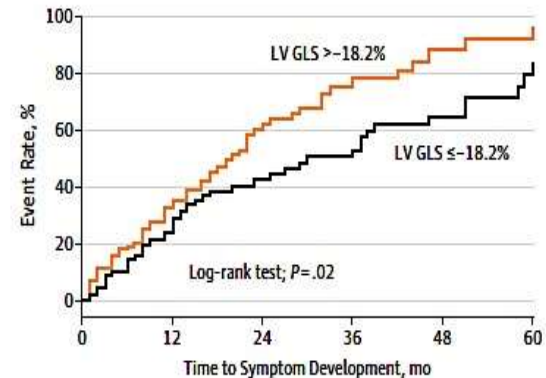


Park S-J et al. *JACC Imaging* 2019;12:109-19

GLS and Symptom Development

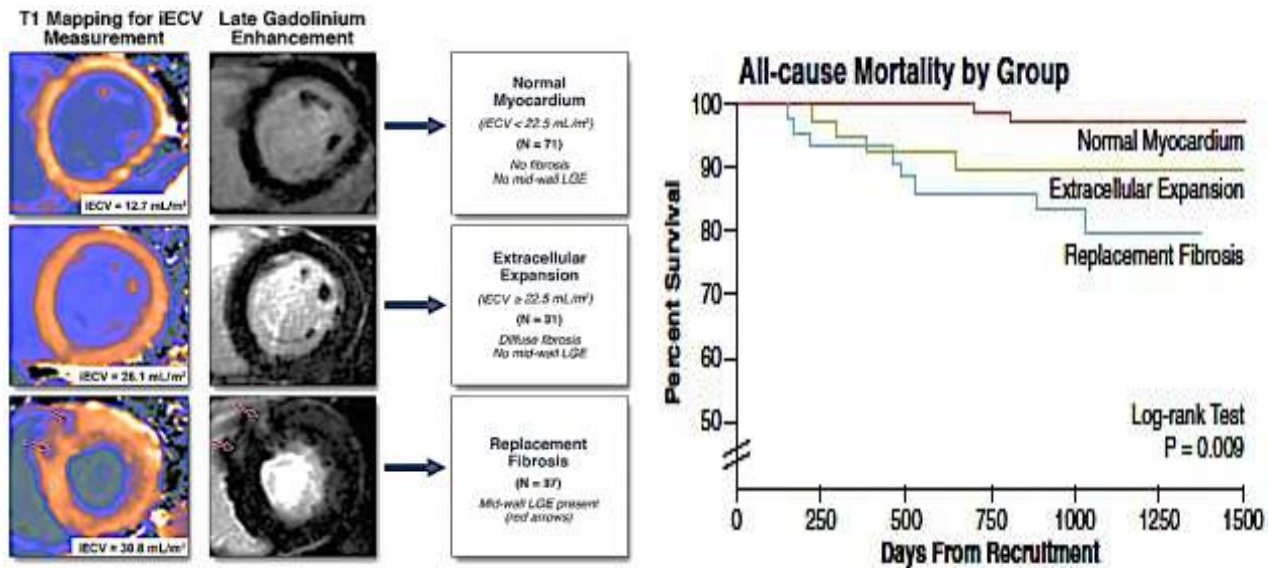


Symptom development



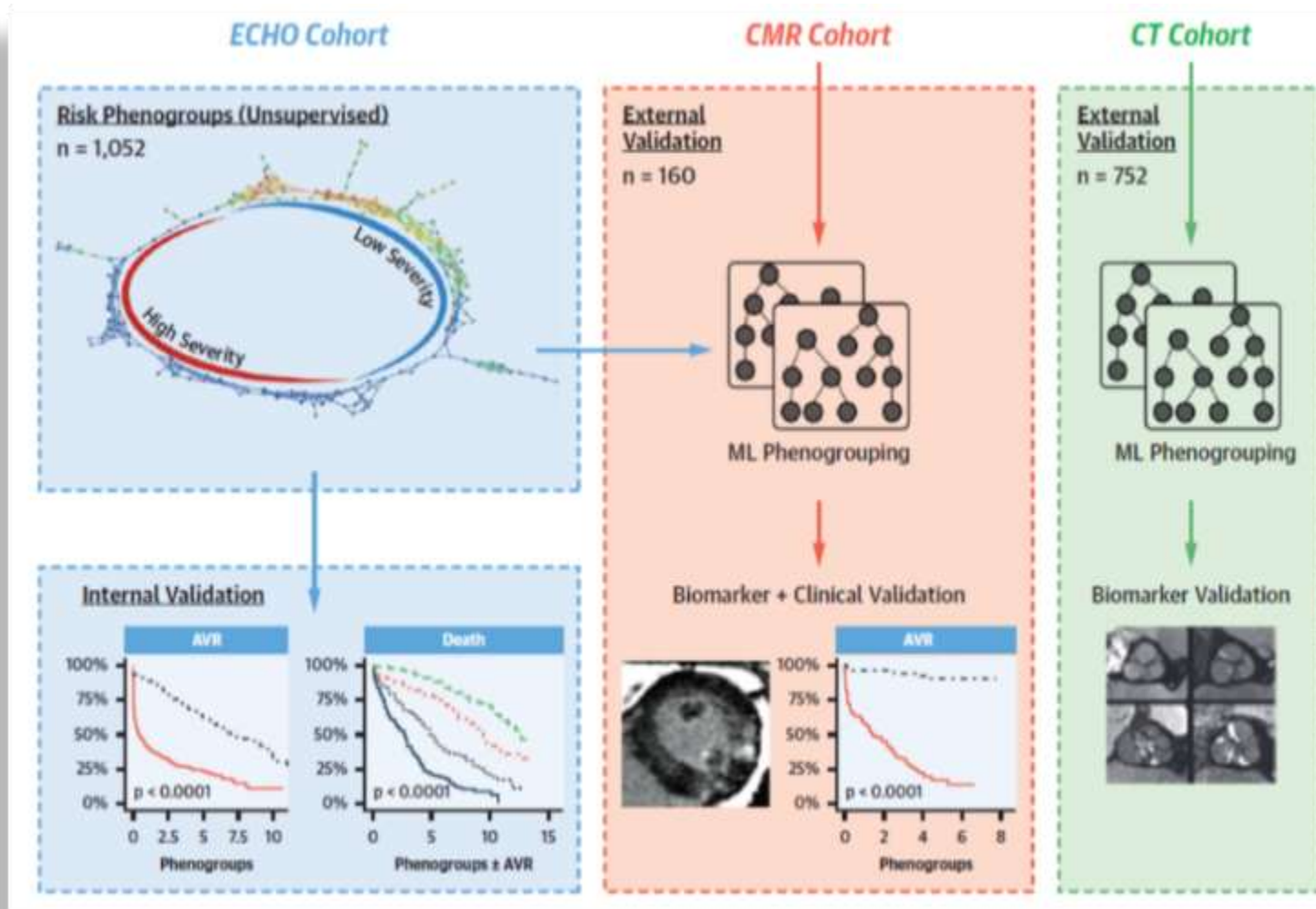
Vollema EM et al. *JAMA Cardio* 2018;3:839-47

CMR Evaluation of AS

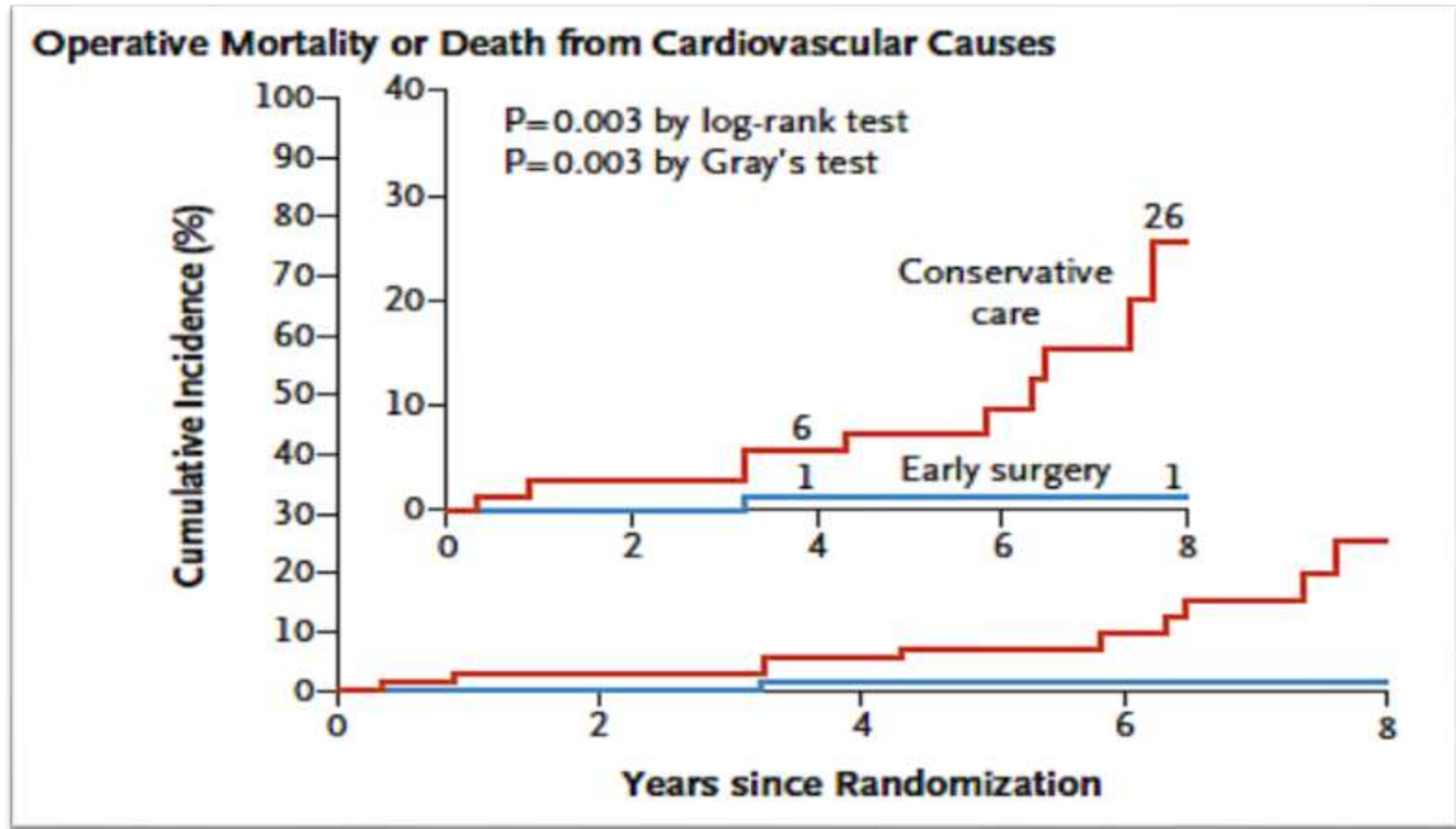


Chin CWL et al. *JACC Imaging* 2017;10:1320-33

AS Phenotypes



SAVR for Asymptomatic AS



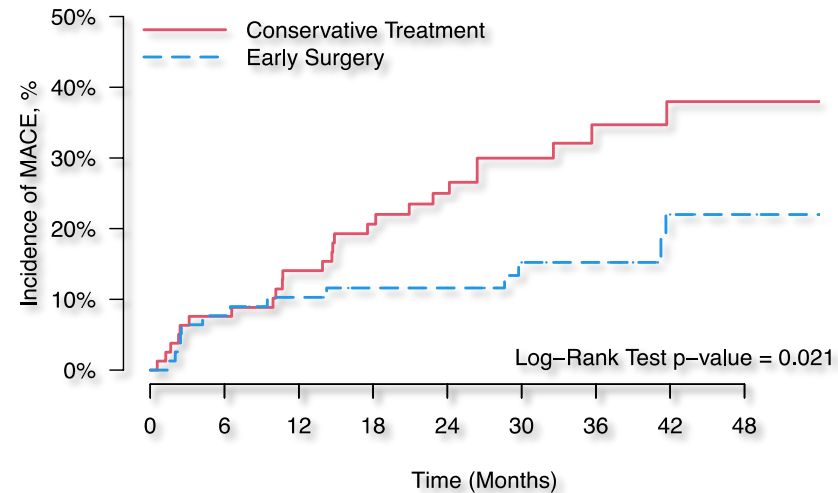
AVATAR Trial

Components of Primary Endpoint

Primary Endpoint Components	Group	
	Early Surgery n	Conservative n
All cause death	9	16
Heart Failure	1	7
Acute MI	1	2
Stroke	2	1
Total	13	26

Operative mortality in early surgery group = 1.4%
(1/72)

Primary Composite Endpoint

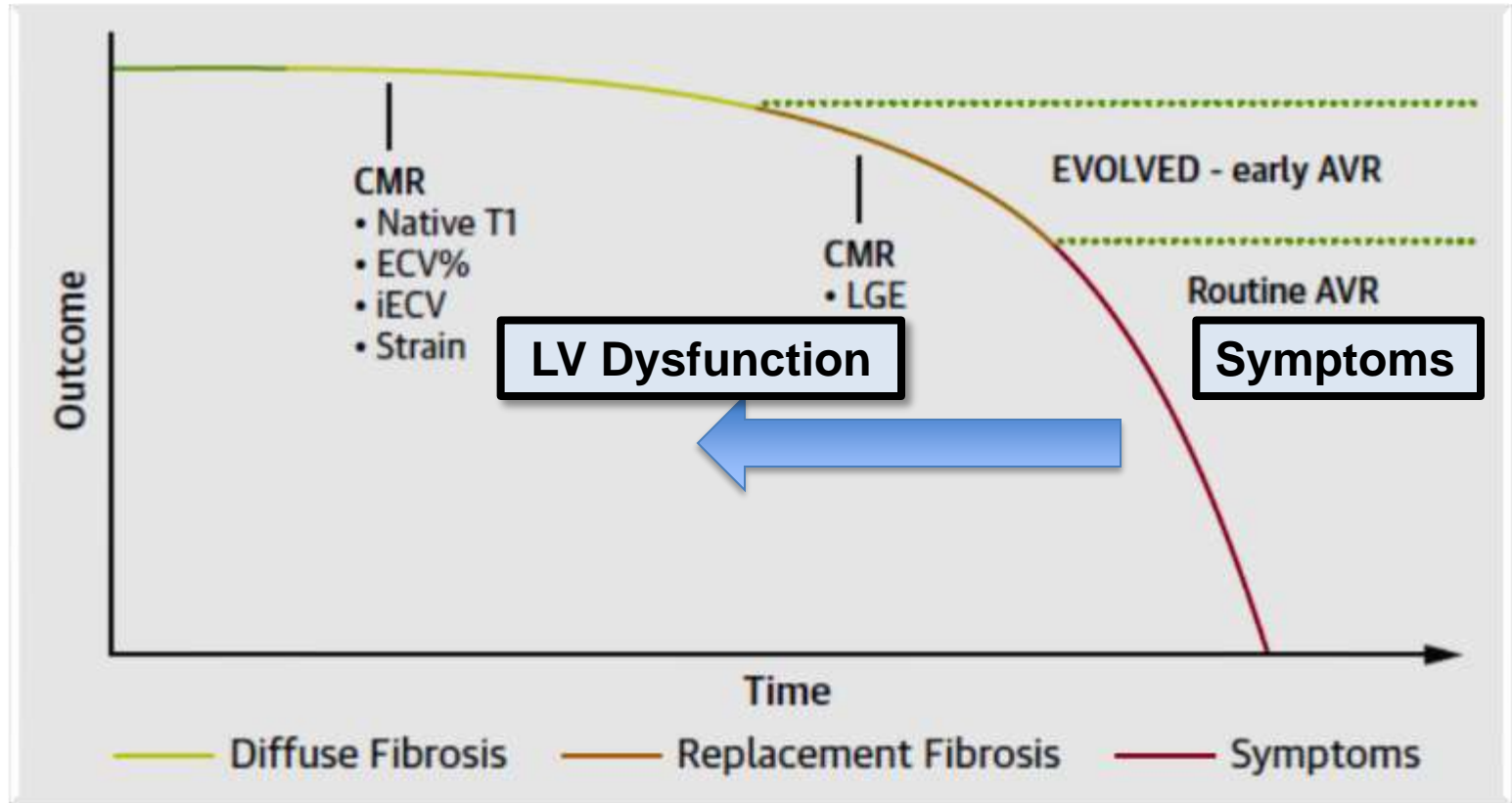


79 73 66 59 49 36 25 19 12
78 72 68 63 56 46 38 23 13

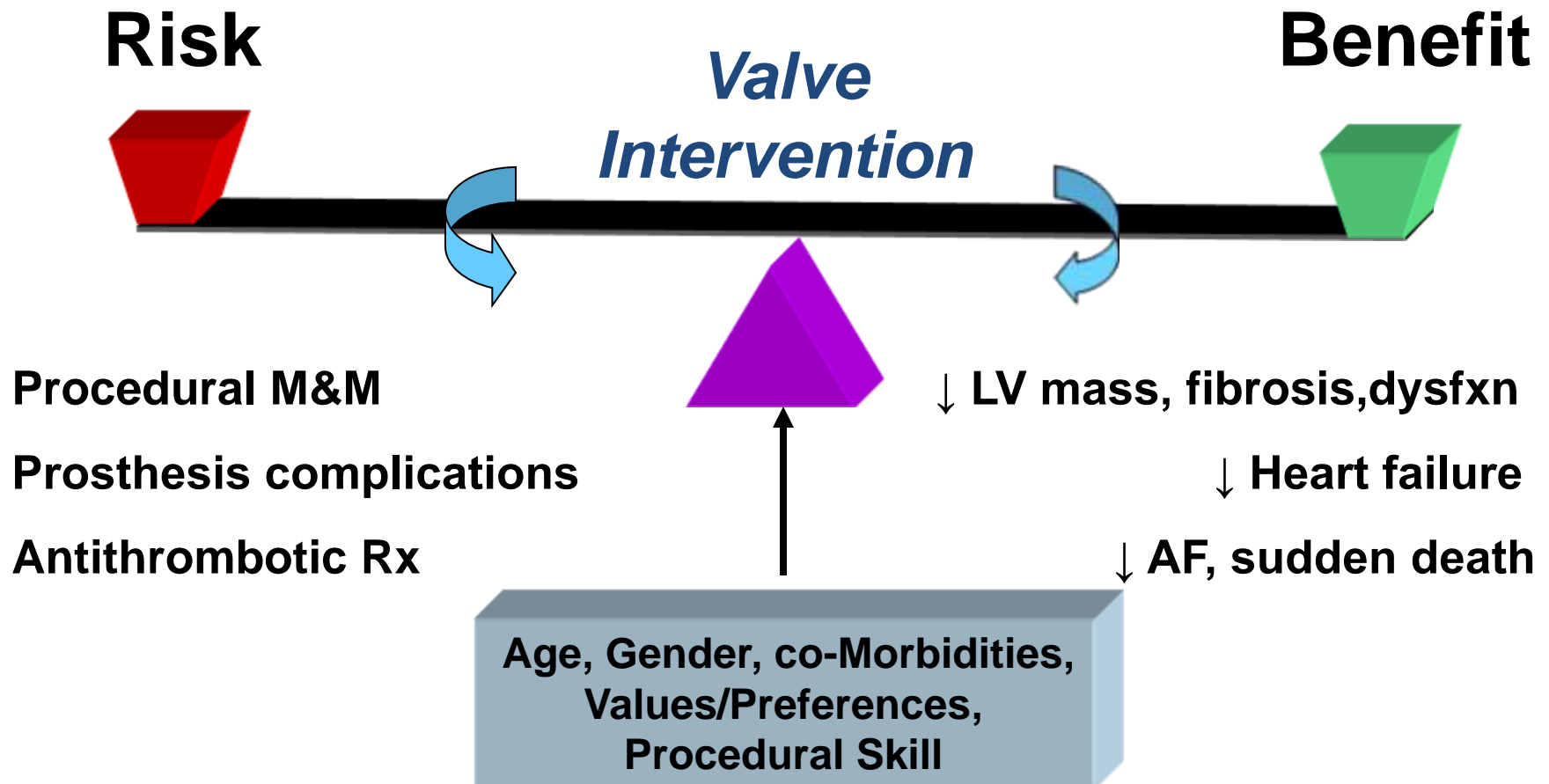
HR 0.46, 95% CI 0.23-0.90, p=0.02

Revised Paradigm

LV Adaptation

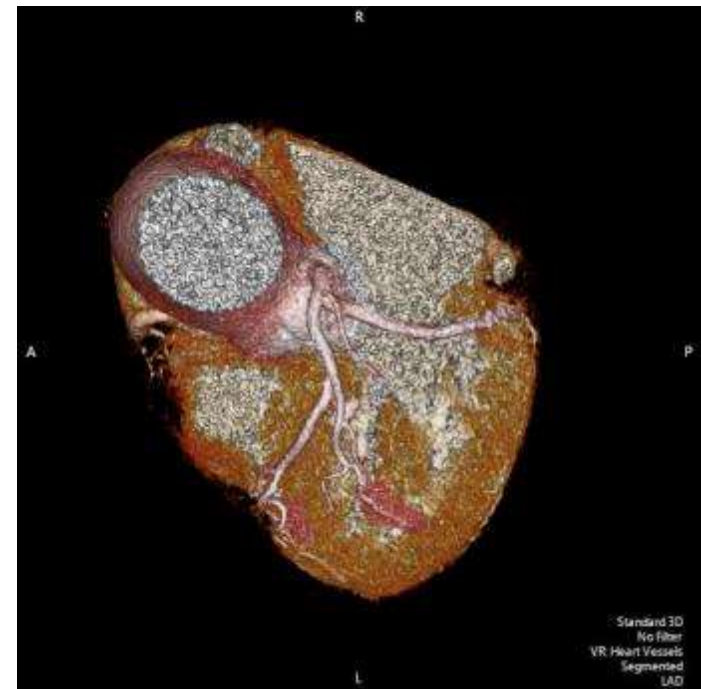
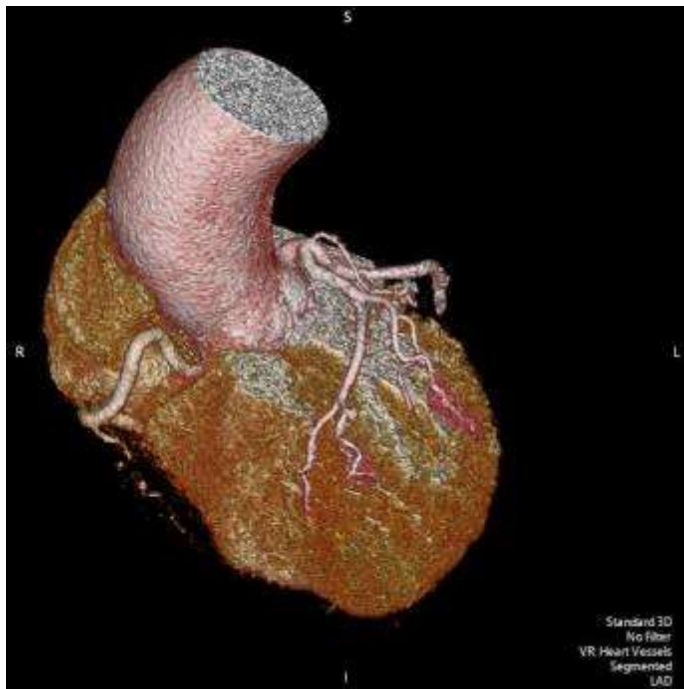


Considerations in the Asymptomatic Patient



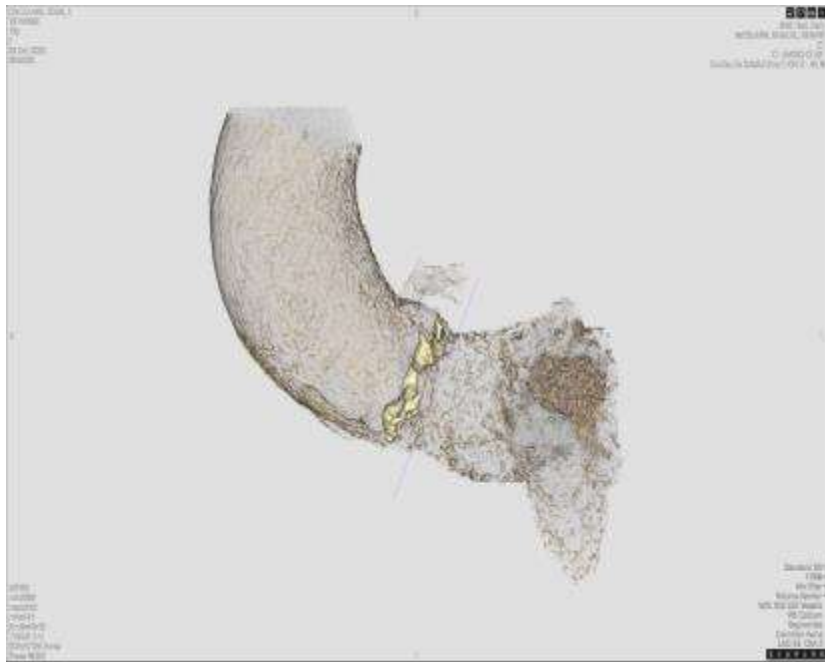
Asymptomatic Aortic Stenosis

78-year-old woman



Asymptomatic Aortic Stenosis

78-year-old woman



Standard 3D
No Filter
MR Cardiac Volumes
Segmented
Common Arteries

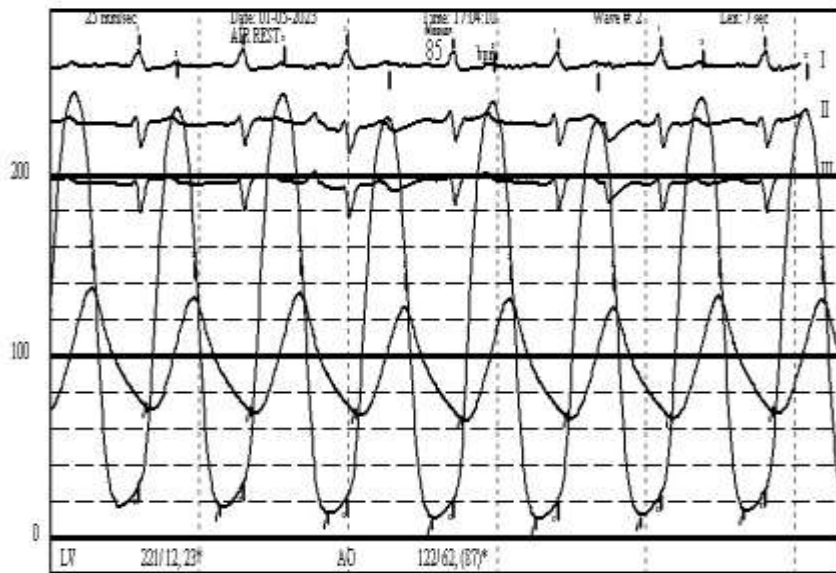
Asymptomatic Aortic Stenosis

78-year-old woman

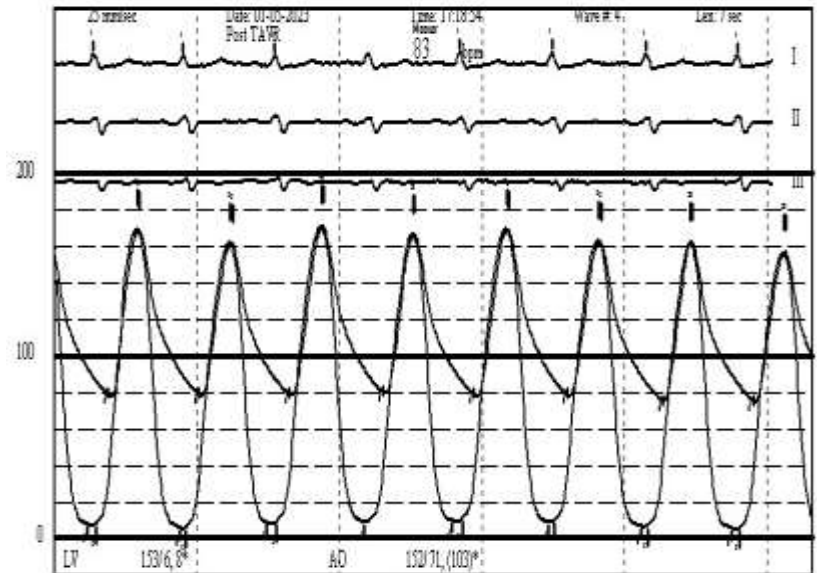
- **Exercised for 9:12 minutes of a modified Bruce protocol. Normal HR and BP responses**
- **Exercise was terminated due to dyspnea and fatigue. The symptomatic response to exercise was non-ischemic.**

**Phone call to discuss ETT results.
Dyspnea ½ flight of stairs. Referred
for TAVR.**

Asymptomatic (Very Severe) Aortic Stenosis



Pre-TAVR

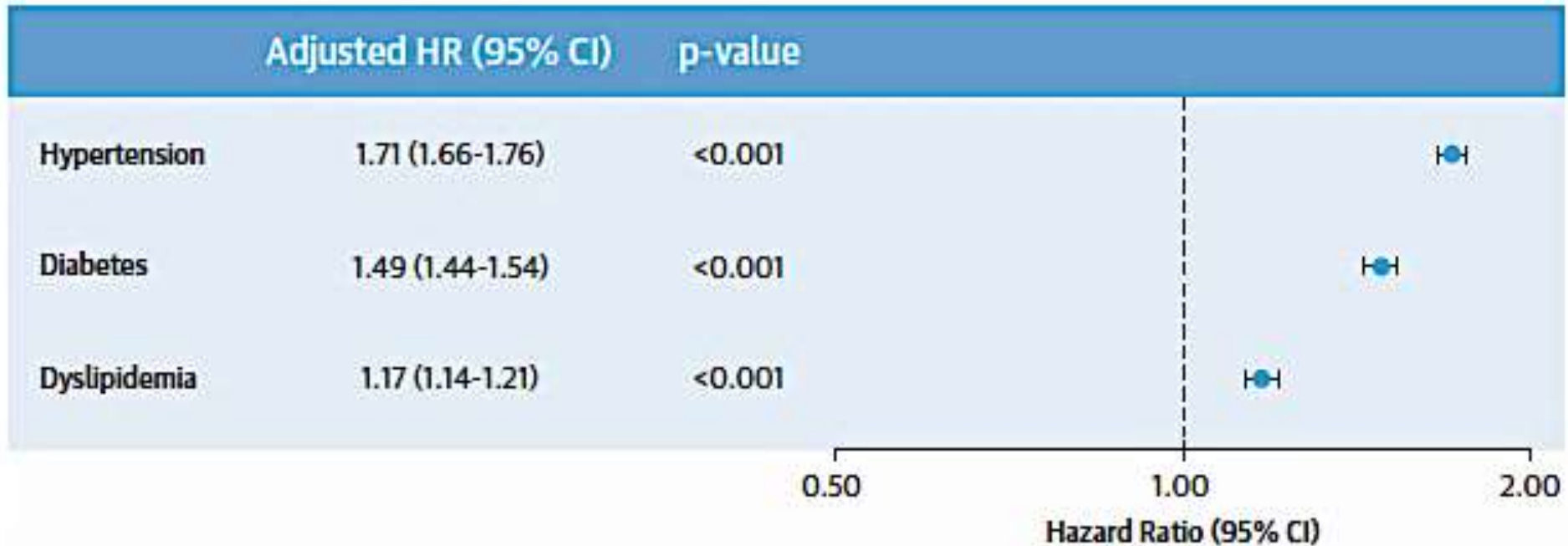


Post-TAVR

Summary

- **The paradigm is changing**
- **Patient selection for earlier intervention has improved**
- **LV structure and function are appropriate drivers**
- **We still need to expand screening and develop medical interventions to reduce the progression of AS**

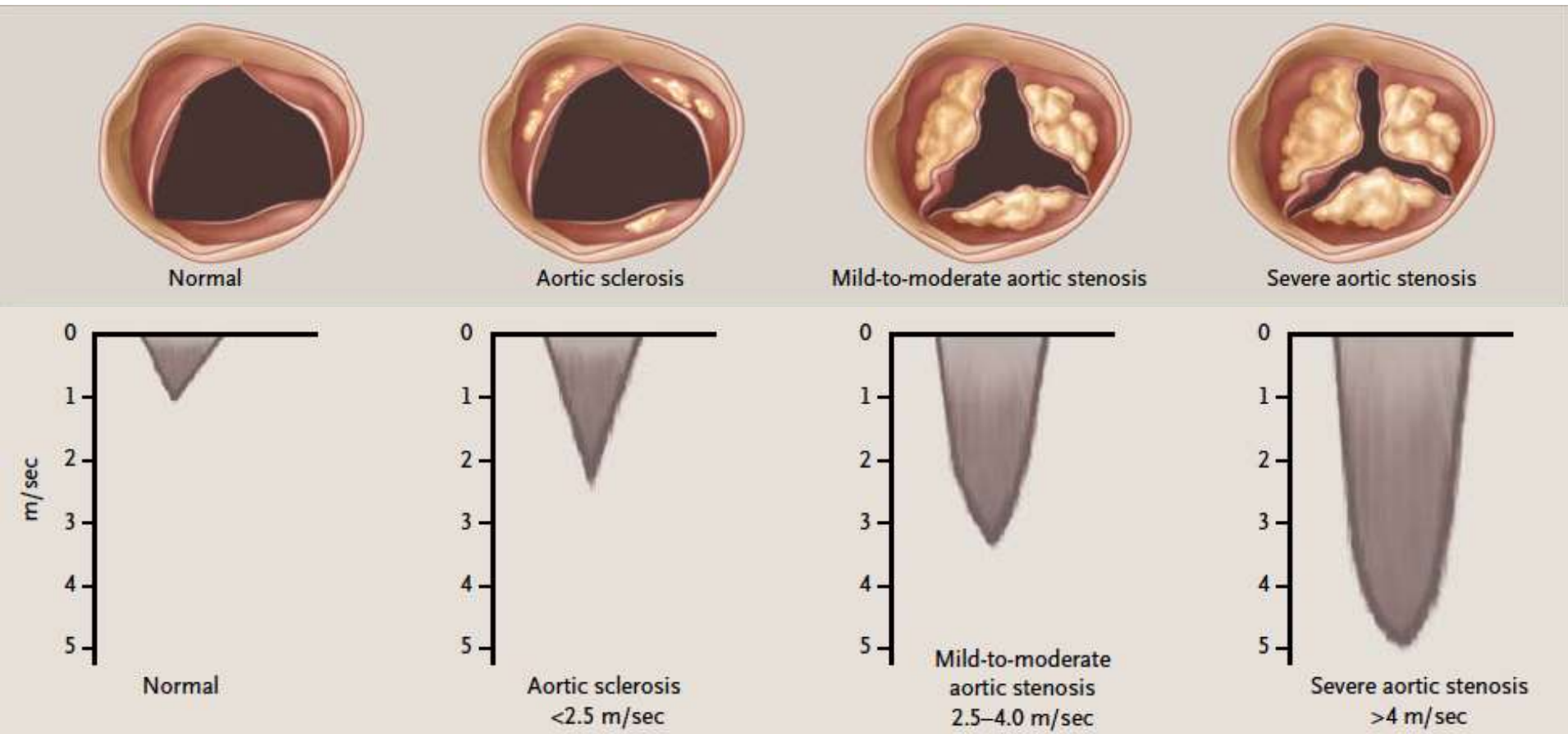
ASCVD Risk Factors and AS



Yan, A.T. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2017;69(12):1523-32.

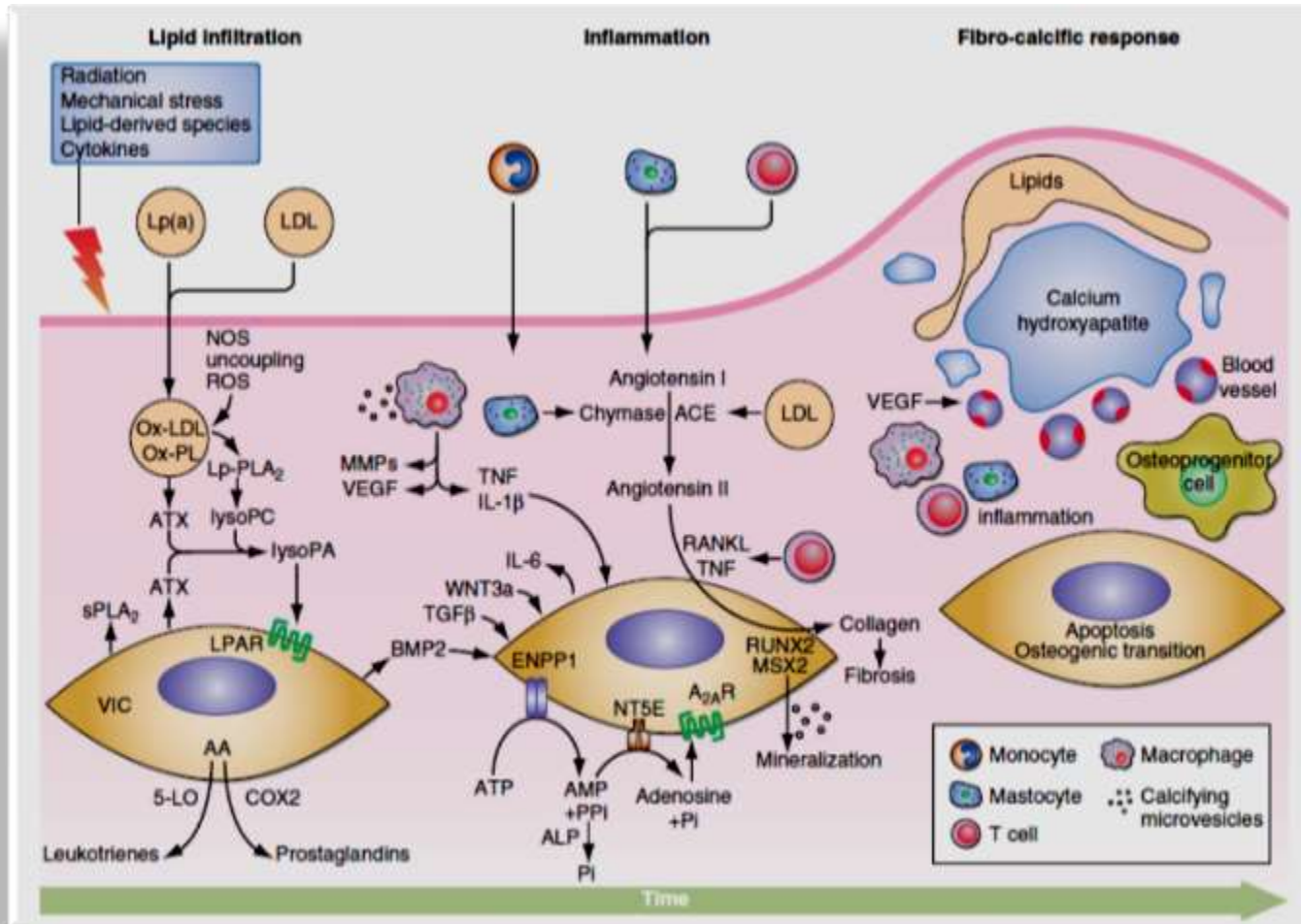
- Incidence 144/100,000 p-yr
- PAR=34.4%

AS Progression

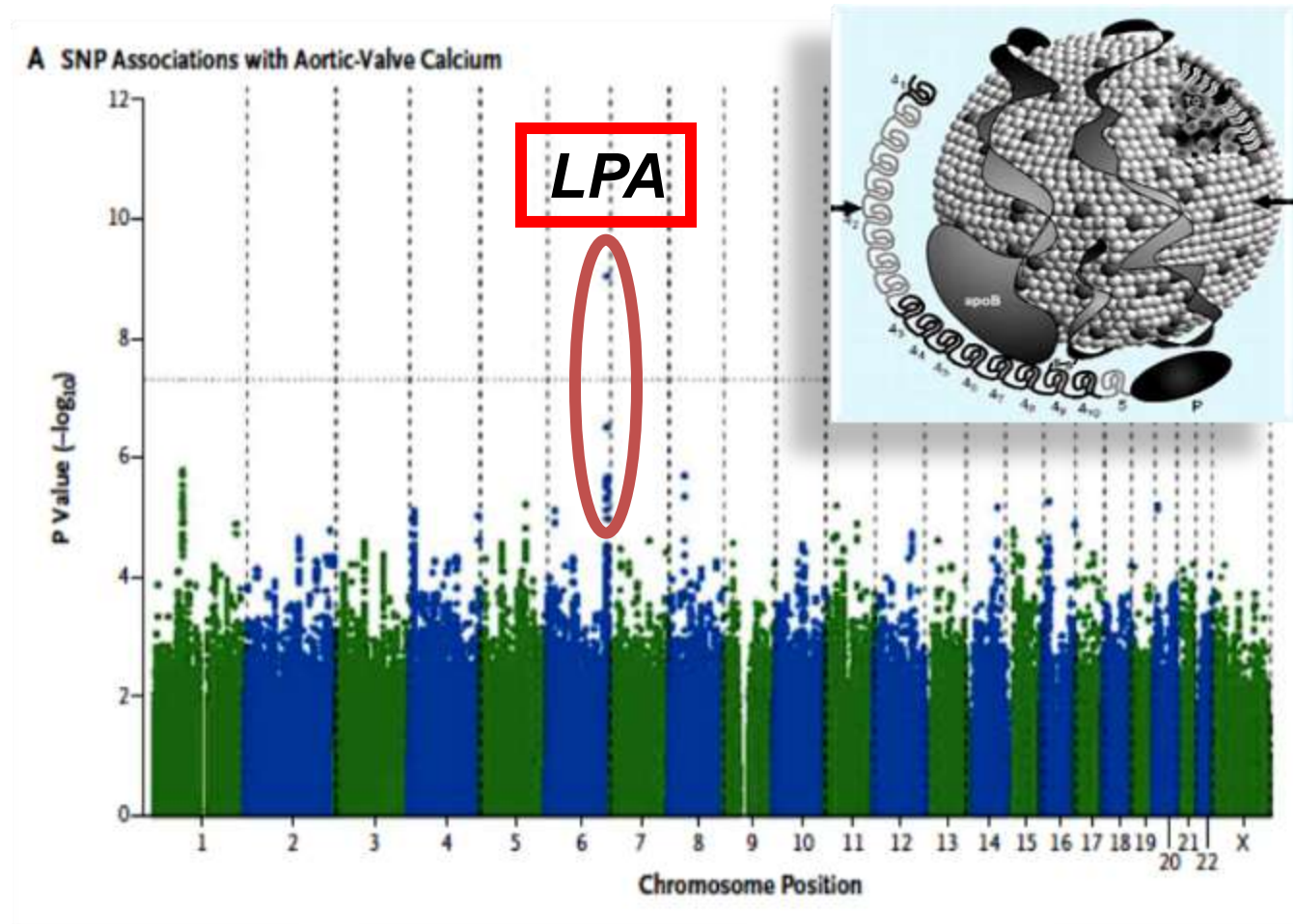


Otto CM. NEJM 2008; 359:1395-8

Pathogenesis of Calcific AS



Single-Nucleotide Polymorphism Associations with Aortic-Valve Calcium



Thanassoulis G et al. *NEJM* 2013;368:503-512

Artificial Intelligence

